A POSSIBLE MODEL FOR POWERS AND PEOPLE FOR LINks

(a discussion model accepted by the CWPNT PPI Forum on 1 May 2007)

1 **POWERS OF LINks**

Starting with the premise that the purpose of LINks is to provide independent user feedback to improve health and social care services, key points are that :

- a) LINks will have powers to **require answers**, to **require entry** and to **refer issues** to an Overview and Scrutiny Committee (OSC) for the complete cycle of **commissioning and providing** for both **health and social care**;
- b) for an appeal loop when conflicts of interest occur at the OSC level, there is no impediment in the Bill to passing concerns and evidence to an appropriate regulator (Strategic Health Authority, Health Care Commission, Social Care Inspectorate);
- c) for **specialist services** covering two or more LINks, there is no impediment in the Bill to a **Specialist Joint Committee** with full delegated powers and which is accountable to the LINks delegating the powers.

2 **PEOPLE IN THE NETWORK**

The simplest realistic model is to start with members of existing groups and the public who have a particular interest in health and social care, hence :

- a) invite these members to register to form the membership level of the LINk with voting powers to elect some or all of the LINk Stewardship Board (the "Board") which forms the overview level of the LINk ;
- b) it is unrealistic to give statutory powers to thousands of people per LINk, so give these powers initially just to the "Board";
- c) however, most of the work would be done by "care watch groups" chosen and empowered by members of the "Board" to form the intermediate working group level of the LINk

(many current Forum members may wish to serve on these groups).

3 PEOPLE FOR THE LINK "BOARD"

Key logic choices involve credibility, effectiveness and balance in that :

- a) to be a **credible independent watchdog**, there needs to be an **all volunteer** "**Board**" who are committed to work in a consensus non-partisan culture ;
- b) to be **effective**, the LINk "Board" should not exceed say **15 members** who would need appropriate experience and training ;
- c) there needs to be a **balance between inclusivity and complexity**, hence there is a range of possible options for the constituencies for the "Board"
 - geographical simple but poor inclusivity
 - functional inclusive, but complex / contentious
 - both a workable balance decided locally (eg 9:6)
 ideally using elections in geographical constituencies by registered LINk members to demonstrate democratic accountability, but using nominations in functional constituencies from relevant groups in order to ensure specialist experience.

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